# Teradici PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows Documentation

This documentation is intended for administrators who are installing the **Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows** as part of a Teradici Remote Workstation Card system. It assumes thorough knowledge of conventions and networking concepts, including firewall configuration.

Although many agent features and settings can be configured using the Windows user interface, some administrative tasks require use of Windows command line tools. Users should be familiar with both *cmd* and *PowerShell*.

## About the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows

The PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows introduces Teradici brokering to a Teradici Remote Workstation Card deployment, allowing the desktop to be managed by Teradici Cloud Access Manager or by third-party brokers like Leostream.

A complete PCoIP Remote Workstation Card deployment includes these components:

- A physical host machine, which provides the desktop to remote clients. See System Requirements for more information.
- A PCoIP Remote Workstation Card installed on the host machine.
- The PCoIP Remote Workstation Card software installed on the host machine.
- The Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows installed on the host machine.

## About PCoIP Licensing

When the Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows is installed, the Remote Workstation Card can be licensed using a Cloud Access Software license. With this flexibility, you can conveniently move to Cloud Access Software and virtual solutions when you are ready, and without changing licenses.

## What's New in This Release

Release 19.11.0 of the Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows includes the following enhancements:

• Security updates and bug fixes

# System Requirements

The Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows depends on the following system capacities and capabilities:

## Supported Instance Types

The Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows requires a physical machine with a PCoIP Remote Workstation Card installed.

## Host Instance Requirements

Global instance requirements	
Operating Systems	<ul> <li>Windows 10 1709, 1803, 1809 (64-bit Professional and Enterprise)</li> <li>Windows Server 2016 (single-user only)</li> <li>.NET 4.5</li> </ul>
Remote Host Memory	At least <i>2GB</i> of RAM is required on the host desktop.  The agent should have at least <i>512MB</i> of available memory.
Remote Host CPUs	At least 2 CPUs are required on the host desktop.  Processors must support Streaming SIMD Extensions (SSE) 4.2.  To use PCoIP Ultra, processors must support the AVX2 instruction set.
Network Ports	The following ports must be open on the host desktop:  • TCP 443  • TCP 4172  • UDP 4172  • TCP 60443
Storage	At least 100MB for installation and 100MB for logging are recommended.

# PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows Installation Guide

Before you proceed with installation, a few prerequisites must be met.

## Prerequisites

These instructions assume you have already built the remote desktop machine, and that the machine meets the agent's requirements.

A few other things to confirm before proceeding:

- You should have already installed the Host Software for Windows on the desktop machine.
- The desktop machine requires the following ports to be open: TCP 443, TCP 60443, TCP 4172, and UDP 4172.
- · You should be able to run applications as an administrator.
- The PCoIP Agent must be able to execute PowerShell scripts. If your PowerShell execution policy set to *Restricted*, the execution policy will be automatically changed so installation can proceed. *If the agent cannot execute PowerShell scripts or change the execution policy, the installation will fail.*
- On Windows 2008 R2 or Windows 7 desktops, the PCoIP Agent must be able to simulate Secure Attention Sequence. SAS is enabled by setting a Windows GPO variable as described here.
- If you are using a PCoIP Local License Server, you'll need to know its URL and port numbers.

## Installation Overview

Once your prerequisites are in place, you can proceed with installation. Here's a brief overview of the process:

1. Temporarily connect a physical display, mouse, and keyboard to the machine for installation.

- 2. Download or transfer the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows installer to the system.
- 3. Install the PCoIP Agent using one of these methods:
  - Using the installer's setup wizard for a guided, interface-driven process, or
  - Silently using a script
- 4. If required, configure the agent software.
- 5. Disconnect physical display, mouse, and keyboard.
- 6. Connect to the desktop using a PCoIP client.

If you're ready to start, proceed to installation.

# Installing the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows

# Download the Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows Installer

The Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows installs at the system level and is available to all users. You must have administrator privileges to install it. You can download the installer directly onto the machine, or download it separately and transfer it yourself.

The installer can be downloaded here.

# Install or Update the Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows

Once the installer is present on the desktop, you can run the setup wizard or install it silently using a script. The procedure is the same for new installations and system upgrades.

## Installing the Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows using the Wizard

If you're installing the Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows via the Windows interface and would prefer to use a graphical interface and guided setup, use the Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows setup wizard.

## To install the Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows using the setup wizard:

- 1. Temporarily connect a physical display, mouse, and keyboard to the machine for installation.
- 2. Navigate to the Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows installer file and launch it. The setup wizard will appear.
- 3. Select an installer language and click OK.
- 4. Click Next at the welcome screen.
- 5. Review and accept the license agreement by clicking I agree.

6. Specify an installation directory and click Install.

By default, the software will be installed in the C:\Program Files (x86)\Teradici\Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows directory.

7. Provide your licensing information on the License Registration screen.

Type or paste a registration code in the *Registration code* field and click **Next** for the proxy settings screen.



#### Important: Local license server users

If you are using a local PCoIP License Server, do not enter a registration code here. Select **Not now** and then click **Next** instead. You will configure your license server information later.

- If you use a proxy server to access the internet, select Use a proxy server for Internet
  connection and specify the address and port numbers of the proxy server, then click Next to
  register the license.
- If your system does not use a proxy server, leave this screen unchanged and click Next to register the license.
- 8. The Windows desktop must be rebooted to complete installation; you can choose to do that now, or do it yourself later. Some features may not work until the system is restarted.
- 9. Click **Finish** to exit the installer.
- 10. If you skipped license registration, complete registration by following one of the procedures listed here.
- 11. Disconnect the monitor, keyboard, and mouse.

Once the Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows is installed and licensed, you can configure it or connect to it with a PCoIP client.

## **Scripted Installations**

The Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows can be installed on the desktop programmatically, without using a graphical interface. The installation will proceed silently and the system will reboot when finished.

Scripted installation requires access to the Windows Command Prompt or PowerShell.

### To install the Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows via a script:

- 1. Temporarily connect a physical display, mouse, and keyboard to the machine for installation.
- 2. Copy the agent installer file to the desktop.
- 3. Run the agent installer using one of the following methods:
  - Windows BAT: Open a Windows command line tool and enter the following:

```
start /WAIT <path_to_installer> /S /NoPostReboot
echo %ERRORLEVEL%
```

...where <path\_to\_installer> is the system filepath of the installer file.

• Windows PowerShell: Open a PowerShell window and enter the following:

```
$process = Start-Process -FilePath <path_to_installer> -ArgumentList
"/S /NoPostReboot _?<path_to_installer>" -Wait -PassThru
$process.ExitCode
```

...where <path\_to\_installer> is the system filepath of the installer file. Note that this argument is used twice!

Both methods will return one of these process return codes:

code	description
0	success
1	installation aborted by user (user cancel)
2	installation aborted due to error
1641	success, reboot required

4. If you are using Cloud Licensing, register the Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows's license by running the pcoip-register-host.ps1 script:

```
C:\Program Files (x86)\Teradici\Remote Workstation Card Agent for
Windows\pcoip-register-host.ps1 [-ProxyServer <String>] [-ProxyPort <String>]
-RegistrationCode <String> [<CommonParameters>]
```

#### Where:

- -RegistrationCode sets the registration code to use.
- -ProxyServer sets the address of your proxy server, if you have one.
- -ProxyPort sets the port number of your proxy server, if you have one.



#### Important: PowerShell execution policy

PowerShell scripts must be permitted to run on your machine. If your execution policy prevents pooip-register-host.ps1 from running, you can temporarily enable PowerShell script execution with the following command:

powershell.exe -InputFormat None -ExecutionPolicy Bypass -Command .\pcoip-register-host.ps1

Once the Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows is installed and licensed, you can configure it or connect to it with a PCoIP client.

## Register a License After Installation

In most cases, a PCoIP license is registered during installation. If you are using a local license server, or if you skipped registration during installation, you can register your agent using the methods described next.

- Registering with Teradici Cloud Licensing: If you are using Teradici's Cloud Licensing service (most systems use this method), you can register the agent using the PCoIP control panel or via a PowerShell script.
- Registering with a Local License Server: If you are serving licenses with your own license server, your registration method depends on your brokering environment. For complete information and instructions, see Licensing Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windowss with a Local License Server.

# Licensing The Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows

The Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows must be assigned a valid PCoIP session license before it will work. Until you've registered it, you can't connect to the desktop using a PCoIP client.

You receive a registration code when you purchase a pool of licenses from Teradici. Each registration code can be used multiple times; each use consumes one license in its pool.



Note: Registration code format

Registration codes look like this: ABCDEFGH12@AB12-C345-D67E-89FG

PCoIP agent license registrations are managed automatically by Teradici's Cloud Licensing service. If necessary, you can manage them yourself, using your own locally-installed PCoIP license server instead.

If you need to purchase licenses, contact Teradici.

## Using Teradici Cloud Licensing

To use Cloud Licensing, all you need to do is provide a registration code for each Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows in your deployment (the same registration code can be used multiple times).

### 8

#### Whitelist network blocks for Teradici Cloud Licensing

If you are using Teradici Cloud Licensing, you will need to whitelist the following:

- · teradici.flexnetoperations.com
- · teradici.compliance.flexnetoperations.com

Alternatively, you can also ensure the following network blocks are whitelisted:

• Production: 64.14.29.0/24

• Disaster Recovery: 64.27.162.0/24

The following network blocks are not currently in use, but may also be used in the future:

• Production: 162.244.220.0/24

Disaster Recovery: 162.244.222.0/24

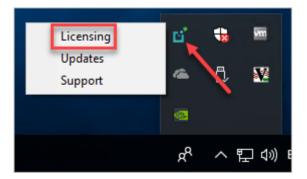
The Windows setup wizard collects this registration code during installation. If you're already registered your PCoIP agents, there's nothing more to do here. If you've already installed the PCoIP agent software but *have not* registered it yet, you can register post-installation using the PCoIP Control panel or via a PowerShell Script.

## Register or Renew a PCoIP License With the PCoIP Control Panel

Use this method to register or renew an installed PCoIP agent using the Windows user interface.

#### To provide the registration code via the PCoIP Control Panel:

- 1. Connect to the desktop using a physical keyboard, mouse, and display (if you're renewing a license that is still active, you can use a PCoIP session to do this instead).
- 2. Open the *PCoIP control panel* by clicking in the system tray and select Licensing from the pop-up menu:



The PCoIP Control panel appears with the licensing tab enabled.

3. Provide the registration code in the registration code field.

## Register or Renew a PCoIP License With PowerShell

Use this method to register a PCoIP agent using Windows PowerShell. You can do this during a scripted installation, or at any time after installation.

#### To provide the registration code via the Windows PowerShell script:

- 1. Connect to your dekstop using a physical keyboard, mouse, and display.
- 2. Run the pcoip-register-host.ps1 script:

```
C:\Program Files\Teradici\PCoIP Agent\pcoip-register-host.ps1 [-
ProxyServer <String>] [-ProxyPort <String>] -RegistrationCode <String>
[<CommonParameters>]
```

#### Where:

- -RegistrationCode sets the registration code to use.
- -ProxyServer sets the address of your proxy server, if you have one.
- -ProxyPort sets the port number of your proxy server, if you have one.

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#### Important: PowerShell execution policy

PowerShell scripts must be permitted to run on your machine. If your execution policy prevents pooip-register-host.ps1 from running, you can temporarily enable PowerShell script execution with the following command:

powershell.exe -InputFormat None -ExecutionPolicy Bypass -Command .\pcoip-register-host.ps1

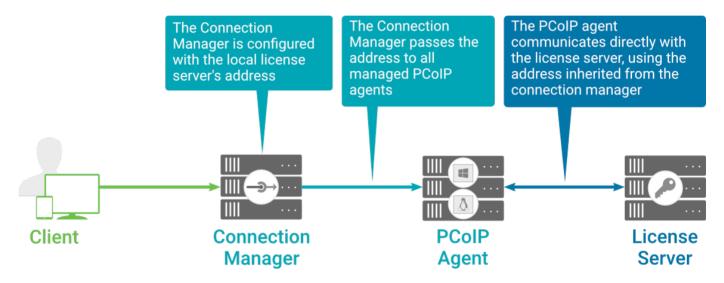
## Licensing PCoIP Agents With a Local License Server

In deployments where PCoIP agents cannot access the internet, or where cloud-based licensing is not permitted or desired, a local PCoIP License Server can be used instead. The PCoIP License Server manages PCoIP session licenses within your private environment.

Configuring PCoIP agents to use a local license server is done in one of two ways, depending on whether your deployment uses a PCoIP Connection Manager, or whether your PCoIP clients connect directly to PCoIP agents.

## **Brokered Environment Licensing**

In *brokered* deployments, the license server address is configured in the Connection Manager, which passes it through to its managed PCoIP agents.



When using a Connection Manager, the license server address is only configured once no matter how many PCoIP agents are behind the Connection Manager.

#### To set the License Server URL in the Connection Manager.

- 1. On the Connection Manager machine, use a text editor to open /etc/ConnectionManager.conf.
- 2. Set the LicenseServerAddress parameter with the address of your local license server:
  - http://{license-server-address}: {port}/request
- 3. Save and close the configuration file.
- 4. Restart the Connection Manager.

## **Verifying Your Brokered Licensing Configuration**

To verify your system's licensing configuration, run the <a href="pcoip-validate-license.ps">pcoip-validate-license.ps</a>1 PowerShell script on the PCoIP Agent machine. The script will ping the license server and attempt to retrieve information on an available license:

Where cense-server-address> is the address of the license server to ping, formatted as http://{license-server-address}: {port}/request

If the license server is behind a proxy server, provide the proxy information via the -ThroughProxyServer and -ProxyPort parameters.

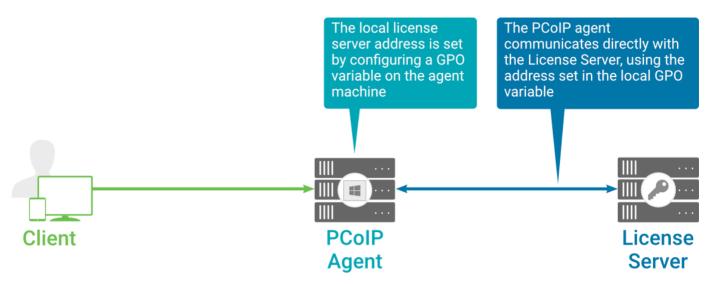
If successful, the response will show that a valid license was found on the license server, and its expiration date.

If the connection is unsuccessful, investigate the following possibilities:

- The license server address is incorrect, or formatted incorrectly.
- The license server is inaccessible.
- There are no available licenses on the license server. pcoip-validate-license.ps1 will only return a positive response if there is at least one available session license.
- If you have only one license on the license server and run pcoip-validate-license.ps1
  from a PCoIP session, the command will fail because you are currently using the single license. In this scenario, disconnect your PCoIP session and try again from an RDP session instead.

## **Unbrokered Environment Licensing**

In direct, or unbrokered, deployments, each Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows is configured with the license server address via a GPO variable. When a client initiates a new PCoIP session, the Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows uses its local configuration to communicate with the license server



Local license validation using a PCoIP Windows agent and a direct (unbrokered) connection

Each Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows in your environment must be individually configured with the license server's URL.

#### To configure the License Server URL on the PCoIP Agent machine:

- 1. Open the Local Group Policy Editor on the agent machine:
  - a. Press + r to open the run dialog
  - b. type gpedit.msc and press Enter.
- 2. If you have not already imported the Teradici GPO Administrative Template, import it now:
  - a. Navigate to the *Local Computer Policy > Computer Configuration > Administrative Templates* directory.
  - b. Right-click the Administrative Templates folder and select **Add/Remove Templates** from the context menu.
  - c. Click **Add** and navigate to the following directory:
    - C:\Program Files (x86)\Teradici\PCoIP Agent\configuration
  - d. Select pcoip.adm, and click Open and then Close.
- 3. Navigate to *Computer Configuration > Administrative Templates > Classic Administrative Templates (ADM) > PCoIP Session Variables > Overridable Administrative Defaults.*

The list of configurable PCoIP settings will appear in the right panel.

- 4. Open the Configure the license server URL variable.
- 5. Select the **Enabled** option.

6. Enter the License Server URL in the option field and click **OK**. The URL format is http://
{license-server-address}: {port} / request.

### **Verifying Your Unbrokered Licensing Configuration**

To verify your system's licensing configuration, run the <a href="pcoip-validate-license.ps1">pcoip-validate-license.ps1</a> PowerShell script. The script will ping the license server using the local GPO configuration and attempt to retrieve information on an available license:

```
C:\ProgramFiles(x86)\Teradici\PCoIPAgent\pcoip-validate-license.ps1
```

If successful, the response will show that a valid license was found on the license server, and its expiration date.

If the connection is unsuccessful, investigate the following possibilities:

- The license server address is incorrect, or formatted incorrectly.
- The license server is inaccessible.
- There are no available licenses on the license server. pcoip-validate-license.ps1 will only return a positive response if there is at least one available session license.
- If you have only one license on the license server and run pcoip-validate-license.ps1
  from a PCoIP session, the command will fail because you are currently using the single license. In this scenario, disconnect your PCoIP session and try again from an RDP session instead.

# Updating the Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows

## To install an update:

To update the Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows, copy the new installer file onto the host machine and run it in place, either via the installation wizard or silently via command line.

# Unishtalling the Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows

The Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows can be uninstalled using the Windows Control panel, or by running the uninstall utility provided in the agent's installation directory.

In either case, you should disconnect any active PCoIP sessions and then connect to the machine as an administrator with a physical keyboard, mouse, and display.

- To uninstall using the Windows Control Panel: Open the Windows Control Panel, navigate to
   Programs > Uninstall a program, select the Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows from
   the list, and click uninstall.
- To uninstall using the provided utility: Run the executable found at C:\Program Files (x86)\Teradici\PCoIP Agent\uninst.exe,

## Configuring the PCoIP Agent

You can configure the PCoIP agent, and optimize PCoIP protocol behavior for local network conditions, by adjusting Windows GPO variables.

The variables are in admx template files, which are imported automatically by the agent installer.



#### Template files on domain controllers are not automatically installed

Template files are not automatically installed on domain controllers. You must manually import the files into the domain controller's Group Policy Editor.

## Modifying PCoIP GPO Variables

All of the PCoIP settings can be configured using this procedure. The configurable settings are described in the following section.

### To modify a PCoIP session variable:

- 1. Open the Local Group Policy Editor on the agent machine:
  - a. Press + r to open the run dialog
  - b. type gpedit.msc and press Enter.
- 2. In the left pane, navigate to *Administrative Templates* and then to *PCoIP Session Variables*.

  The variables you can configure appear in the right pane.
- 3. Double-click the PCoIP variable you want to configure to open the variable's configuration window, then:
  - a. Select *Enabled* to enable the PCoIP setting.
  - b. Configure any parameters that are available for the setting.
  - c. Click **OK** to close the variable's configuration window.
- 4. Repeat step 3 until all variables have been set.
- 5. Close the Local Group Policy Editor.



## Note: Changes require a new PCoIP connection

Changes take effect on the next PCoIP connection to the desktop.

## Security Certificates in PCoIP Agents

PCoIP requires a certificate to establish a session. By default, PCoIP agents generate a self-signed certificate that secures the PCoIP session. Each component in the PCoIP system can generate these self-signed certificates, which will automatically work together without requiring any configuration.

You can, if needed, create and deploy your own custom certificates instead of relying on Teradici's self-signed certificates. This section explains how to create and implement custom certificates.

## **Using Custom Security Certificates**

You can use OpenSSL, Microsoft Certification Authority, or a public certificate authority (CA) of your choice to create your certificates. If you are not using OpenSSL, consult your certificate authority's documentation for instructions on creating certificates in a Windows Certificate Storecompatible format.

The procedures is this section use OpenSSL to generate certificates that will satisfy most security scanner tools when the root signing certificate is known to them.



Caution: Certificates are stored in the Windows Certificate Store

Certificates are stored in the Windows certificate store. If you have old certificates that are stored on the host, they should be deleted to avoid conflicts or confusion.

## **Custom Certificate Guidelines**

If you choose to use your own certificates, follow these general guidelines:

- Save your root CA signing certificate in a safe place for deployment to clients.
- Back up private and public keys to secure locations.
- Never store files created when generating keys or certificates on network drives without password protection.

- Once certificates have been deployed to the Windows certificate store, the files they came from are no longer needed and can be deleted.
- Standard automatic tools, such as Automatic Certificate Enrollment and Group Policy, can be
  used for deploying automatically generated certificates. Both Automatic Certificate Enrollment
  and Group Policies are implemented through Active Directory. See MSDN Active Directory
  documentation for more information.

## Pre-session Encryption Algorithms

Connections are negotiated using the following supported RSA cipher suites:

- TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384
- TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_GCM\_SHA256
- TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA384
- TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA256
- TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384
- TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_GCM\_SHA256
- TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA256
- TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA256
- TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA
- TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA



**Note: Minimum SSL version** 

These Max Compatibility security level cipher suites have a minimum required SSL version of TLS 1.0.

## Creating And Installing Custom Certificates

This section describes how to replace Teradici's default certificates with your own custom certificates.



Note: These procedures use OpenSSL

The procedures in this section use OpenSSL to create private keys, certificate signing requests, and certificates. To use OpenSSL, install Visual C++ 2008 Restributables and Win32 OpenSSL Light v1.0.2g+.

For detailed information about OpenSSL, refer to OpenSSL documentation.

### To replace Teradici's default certificates with custom certificates:

- 1. Install required OpenSSL components on your system.
- 2. Create the internal root CA certificate.
- 3. Create a private key and certificate pair for the PCoIP Agent.
- 4. Configure the certificate mode for each desktop.
- 5. Install the internal root CA in your PCoIP clients.

## Installing OpenSSL Requirements

Install the following components on your Windows machine:

- Visual C++ 2008 Redistributables
- Win32 OpenSSL v1.0.2g Light (or later).

When prompted during OpenSSL installation, copy the OpenSSL DLLs to the OpenSSL binaries directory; for example, C:\OpenSSL-Win32\bin.



Note: Examples use the default installation directory

The following examples assume the default OpenSSL installation directory: C:\OpenSSL-Win32.

## Creating the Internal Root CA Certificate

This section shows how to create a root CA private key, how to use this key to self-sign and generate an internal root CA certificate, and how to add X.509 v3 extensions to a certificate that restrict how the certificate can be used.

## Creating a Root CA Private Key

### To create a root CA private key in RSA format:

- 1. Open a command prompt and navigate to the OpenSSL binaries directory (c:\OpenSSL-Win32\bin).
- 2. Type openss1 and press Enter to launch OpenSSL.

```
Note: OpenSSL may need help finding the .cfg file

If you see the following error, you will need to set the OPENSSL_CONF variable before proceeding.

WARNING: can't open config file: /usr/local/ssl/openssl.cnf
```

- 3. To create 3072-bit root RSA key named *rootCA.key*, use one of the following commands:
  - For an unsecured key, type:

```
genrsa -out rootCA.key 3072
```

• For a *password-protected* key, add the -des3 argument:

```
genrsa -out rootCA.key 3072 -des3
```

Password-protected keys require the password to be entered each time they are used.



Caution: Store your private root key in a safe location

Anyone with access to your private root key can use it to generate certificates that your PCoIP clients will accept.

## Setting the OPENSSL\_CONF variable

If OpenSSL is unable to find its configuration file, you may need to set the OPENSSL\_CONF variable.

#### To set the OPENSSL\_CONF variable:

- 1. Exit OpenSSL.
- 2. Type the following command:

```
set OPENSSL_CONF=C:\OpenSSL-Win32\bin\openssl.cfg
```

3. Type ssl and press Enter to continue with the step you were performing when you saw the error.

## Self-signing and Creating the Internal Root CA Certificate

Now that we have our private key, we will use it to generate a self-signed X.509 root CA certificate called **rootCA.pem** that is valid for 1095 days (1095 days is three years, ignoring leap days).

#### To create the root CA certificate:

1. Type the following command. This example creates a certificate that is valid for 3 years (1095 days). Change the -days parameter to customize the certificate lifetime:

```
req -x509 -new -nodes -key rootCA.key -days 1095 -out rootCA.pem
```

An interactive script will run, which prompts you to enter values for several fields.

2. Follow the prompts to enter field values:

Field	Notes
Country Name	Optional. Use one of the ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 country codes.
State or Province Name	Optional

Field	Notes
Locality name	Optional
Organization Name	Optional
Common name	Required. Enter a name for your root CA (for example, certificates.mycompany.com)
Email address	Optional. Enter an administrative alias email if you use this field.



#### Note: Field values can be templatized

If you will be creating a lot of certificates, consider using a configuration file that contains global field values. See http://www.openssl.org/docs for more information.

## Creating a Private Key and Certificate for the PCoIP Agent

For each PCoIP Agent instance, you will create three items:

- · A private key file
- A certificate signing request (CSR)
- A certificate

You will also need an X.509 v3 extension file, which is used as an input when generating the workstation certificate.



#### Note: There are two different private keys

The private key you create here is used by the PCoIP Agent to decrypt data. It is different from the internal root CA private key.

## Creating an X.509 Version 3 Extension File

X.509 Version 3 extensions restrict how certificates can be used.

#### To create the X.509 v3 extension file:

1. Using a text editor, open a new file and paste the following text into it:

```
authorityKeyIdentifier=keyid,issuer
basicConstraints=CA:TRUE
keyUsage=digitalSignature, nonRepudiation, keyEncipherment, dataEncipherment
subjectAltName=email:test@mycompany.com
```

- 2. Save the file with an .ext extension (for example, v3.ext).
- 3. Store the file in the C:\OpenSSL-Win32\bin directory.



Note: More about X.509 v3 extensions

For more information about X.509 v3 certificate extensions, see https://www.openssl.org/docs/apps/x509v3\_config.html.

## Creating the Private Key and Certificate

To create the PCoIP Agent's private key, certificate signing request, and certificate:

- 1. Launch openss! from the C:\OpenSSL-Win32\bin directory.
- 2. Create a 3072-bit private key in RSA format:

```
genrsa -out pcoipprivate.pem 3072
```

This command creates a proipprivate pem file in the current directory.

3. Create a **certificate signing request**:

```
req -new -key pcoipprivate.pem -out pcoip_req.csr
```

This command initiates an interactive script that prompts you to enter certificate metadata.

You may be prompted for a challenge password and company name.

The **Common Name** field must be the fully-qualified domain name (FQDN) of the desktop where the PCoIP agent is installed for example, mypcname.mydomain.local. If you want to use

the same certificate on multiple machines in the same domain, use a wild card for all but the last two segments of the FQDN: \*.mydomain.local.

When finished, this command creates a proipprivate.pem file in the current directory.

4. Sign and create an *X.509 v3 certificate*. This example creates a certificate valid for one year (365 days). To customize the certificate lifetime, change the -days parameter:

```
x509 -req -outform PEM -in pcoip_req.csr -extfile v3.ext -CA rootCA.pem - CAkey rootCA.key -CAcreateserial -sha256 -out pcoipcert.pem -days 365
```

This command creates a *poipcert.pem* file in the current directory.



#### **Caution: Use Secure Hash Algorithms**

Windows Certificate Manager has deprecated the use some older hash algorithms such as MD4, MD5, and SHA1. Use SHA-384 or SHA-256 when creating your certificates.

```
pkcs12 -export -in pcoipcert.pem -inkey pcoipprivate.pem -name PCoIP -out
pcoipagent.p12 -password password
```

This command creates a pcoipagent.p12 file in the current directory.



#### Note: The -name parameter must be 'PCoIP'

You must specify PCoIP as the -name parameter value. This value sets the certificate's friendly name.

6. Place the pcoipagent.p12 and rootCA.pem files where administrative users of the PCoIP Agent can access them, such as on network storage or on a USB key.

# Installing the Private Key and Certificate on the PCoIP Agent Desktop

The agent certificate and signing certificate must be installed on each desktop running a PCoIP Agent.

### To install the agent certificate and signing certificate:

- 1. Open the Microsoft Management Console on the agent machine:
  - a. Press + r to open the run dialog
  - b. type mmc and press Enter.
- 2. Add the Certificates snap-in:
  - a. Select File > Add/Remove Snap-in.
  - b. Select **Certificates** from the Available snap-ins list and click **Add**.
  - c. Select **Computer account** and click **Next**.
  - d. Select Local computer and click Finish.
  - e. Click OK.
- 3. Add rootCA.pem to the 's Trusted Root Certification Authorities list:
  - a. Expand Certificates (Local Computer).
  - b. Right-click Trusted Root Certification Authorities, select All Tasks > Import from the context menu, and click Next.
  - c. Use the Browse button to navigate to the directory where the rootCA.pem file is located.
  - d. Select All Files (\*.\*) from the File name drop-down list, and select the rootCA.pem file.
  - e. Click Open, Next (twice), and Finish.
  - f. Click **OK** to close the *The import was successful* message.
- 4. Add pcoipagent.p12 to the Personal store of the agent's computer account:
  - a. Expand Certificates (Local Computer).
  - b. Right-click **Personal**, select **All Tasks** > **Import** from the context menu, and click **Next**.

- c. Select \*\*Personal Information Exchange (.pfx;.p12)\*\* from the File name drop-down list, and select the pcoipagent.p12 file.
- d. Click Open and Next.
- e. Type the certificate password.
- f. Ensure these settings are correct:
  - Mark this key as exportable... is enabled
  - Include all extended properties is enabled
- g. Click Next twice and Finish.
- h. Click **OK** to close the The import was successful message.
- 5. Restart the PCoIP Agent service on the workstation:
  - a. Open Control Panel and select Administrative Tools.
  - b. Double-click Services.
  - c. Select your PCoIP Agent service in the Services list.
  - d. Click Restart the service.

# Installing the Internal Root CA Certificate in a PCoIP Client

Your root CA certificate must be installed in any PCoIP client that will be used to connect to the PCoIP Agent.

## Installing Root CA Certificates on a Zero Client

Zero clients are managed via an Administrative Web Interface (AWI) and accessed using a web browser. Supported browsers are:

- Firefox 46
- Chrome 60
- Internet Explorer 11
- Microsoft Edge 25



Note: Browser must support TLS

Web browsers must support TLS 1.1 or later to connect to the zero client's Administrative Web Interface.

#### To upload the root CA certificate to a zero client:

- 1. From a supported browser, enter the IP address of the zero client and log in to its Administrative Web Interface
- 2. Select the **Upload** > **Certificate** menu to display the **Certificate Upload** page.
- 3. In the *Certificate filename* field, click **Browse**, and then navigate to the directory that contains your root CA certificate.
- 4. Select your root CA certificate (\*.pem) and then click Open.
- 5. Click Upload and then OK.
- 6. Click Continue.

If the certificate uploads successfully, it will appear in the Uploaded Certificates section on this page.

## Installing Root CA Certificates on a Mobile Client

Before you can install the root CA certificate in a PCoIP Mobile Client, you must change the file extension from .pem to .crt.

The .pem extension is used for different types of X509 v3 files that contain ASCII Armor (Base64) data prefixed with a "-----BEGIN" line. The .crt extension is used for certificates that may be encoded either in binary DER format or ASCII PEM format.

## Installing Root CA Certificates in the PCoIP Software Client for macOS



#### Important: Root CA Certificate must have a .crt extension

You must change the root CA certificate's extension from .pem to .crt before installing it on a PCoIP Software Client.

In macOS, certificates are stored in the Keychain Access application.

#### To import your root CA certificate in the PCoIP Software Client for macOS:

- 1. Copy your root CA certificate file (\*.crt) to the Mac client desktop.
- 2. Double-click **Applications > Utilities Keychain Access.app** to open Keychain Access.
- 3. Select File > Import Items.
- 4. Navigate to the desktop and then select your root CA certificate.
- 5. In the Destination Keychain drop-down menu, select **System**, and then click **Open**.
- 6. If prompted, enter your Keychain Access password and then click Modify Keychain.
- 7. At the next screen, click **Always Trust** when asked whether you want your computer to trust certificates signed by this certificate.
- 8. If prompted, enter your Keychain Access password and then click **Update Settings**.

After the certificate installs successfully, it appears in the **System > Certificates** list.

## Installing Root CA Certificates in the PCoIP Software Client for Windows



#### Important: Root CA Certificate must have a .crt extension

You must change the root CA certificate's extension from .pem to .crt before installing it on a PCoIP Software Client.

### 1

#### Note: Windows must trust your root certification authority

When you use your own private key and certificate, you must add your internal root CA certificate to the Windows Trusted Root Certification Authorities certificate store on the client computer.

Users without a trusted root CA will receive an Unable to get local issuer certificate error and fail to connect.

### 1

#### **Note: Active Directory group policies**

For information on using Active Directory Group Policy to distribute certificates to client computers, see http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc772491.aspx.

#### To import the root CA certificate for the PCoIP Software Client for Windows:

- 1. Copy your root CA certificate file (\*.crt) to a directory reachable by your Windows client.
- 2. Open the Microsoft Management Console on the agent machine:
  - a. Press + r to open the run dialog
  - b. type mmc and press Enter.
- 3. Add the Certificates snap-in:
  - a. Select File > Add/Remove Snap-in.
  - b. Select Certificates from the Available snap-ins list and then click Add.
  - c. Select My user account and then click Finish.
  - d. Click OK.
- 4. Import the root CA certificate:
  - a. Expand Certificates Current User.

- b. Right-click on **Trusted Root Certification Authorities**, select **All Tasks > Import** from the context menu, and then click **Next**.
- c. Use the Browse button to navigate to the directory where your root CA certificate is located and select your root CA certificate.
- d. Click Open and then Next.
- e. Select the option to place all certificates in the Trusted Root Certification Authorities certificate store.
- f. Click Next and then Finish.
- g. At the security warning, click Yes.

After the certificate installs successfully, it appears in the Trusted Root Certification Authorities > Certificates list.

## Installing in a PCoIP Mobile Client

To install your internal root CA certificate on an iOS, Android, or ChromeOS device, consult the documentation for your device. The PCoIP Mobile Client software does not implement certificate installation.

## Verifying Certificate Formats

If you have OpenSSL installed on your system, you can use it to verify that your root CA certificate is in ASCII PEM format.

#### To verify that the root CA certificate is in ASCII PEM format:

- 1. Launch **openss!** from the C:\OpenSSL-Win32\bin directory.
- 2. Type the following command:

```
x509 -in rootCA.pem -text -noout
```

If your certificate contents successfully display on the screen, it is encoded correctly as a PEM file.

## Configuring the Agent Certificate Mode

The PCoIP Agent chooses a certificate based on the parameters set in the *Configure PCoIP*Security Certificate Settings GPO variable.

Since PCoIP agents automatically generate and use self-signed certificates by default, you only need to configure the Configure PCoIP Security Certificate Settings GPO variable if you are deploying your own custom certificates.

You can configure PCoIP AGents to handle certificates in the following ways:

- Always use self-signed certificates (default)
- · Always use local custom certificates
- · Attempt to use a local certificate, and revert to self-signed if not found



#### Note: Import the administrative template file before configuring

The Configure License Server Path GPO variable only appears in the GPO editor after you import the administrative template file.

The example in this section configures the agent to look for the certificate only in the remote workstation's Windows certificate store. The example also gives the store the friendly name of "PCoIP". These settings are mandatory when you deploy your own custom certificates.

To configure the Configure PCoIP Security Certificate Settings GPO variable with a custom certificate:

- 1. Open the Local Group Policy Editor on the agent machine:
  - a. Press + r to open the run dialog
  - b. type gpedit.msc and press Enter.
- 2. Navigate to Local Computer Policy > Computer Configuration > Administrative Templates > Classic Administrative Templates (ADM) > PCoIP Session Variables > Not Overridable Administrator Defaults
- 3. Double-click Configure PCoIP Security Certificate Settings to open the variable's dialog.
- 4. Select **Enabled** to enable the setting.

- 5. In the *How the PCoIP agent chooses the certificate...* drop-down list, select *From the Certificate*Store.
- 6. In *The minimum key length...* drop-down list, select the desired minimum key length (in bits).
- 7. Click **OK**.
- 8. Close the Local Group Policy Editor and reboot the desktop to apply your settings.
- 9. After the PCoIP agent restarts, you can verify that it is using your custom certificate by checking the agent's level 2 log files.

# Supported Installer Languages

The Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows installer supports the following languages:

- French
- German
- Spanish
- Simplified Chinese
- Traditional Chinese
- Japanese
- Portuguese
- Italian
- Korean
- Russian
- Turkish

# Enable Software Secure Attention Sequence (SAS)

{! ../../common/windows/reference/enable-sas.md !}

## **Contacting Support**

If you encounter any problems installing, configuring, or running the Graphics Agent, you can create a support ticket with Teradici.

Before creating a ticket, be prepared with the following:

- · A detailed description of the problem
- Your agent version number (how do I find my version number?)
- · A prepared support file

## The Teradici Community Forum

The PCoIP Community Forum enables users to have conversations with other IT professionals to learn how they resolved issues, find answers to common questions, have peer group discussions on various topics, and access the Teradici PCoIP Technical Support Service team. Teradici staff are heavily involved in the forums.

To visit the Teradici community, go to https://communities.teradici.com.

# Finding the Agent Version Number

You can find your PCoIP Agent's version number using the Windows Control Panel.

## To find your agent's version number:

- 1. Open the Windows Control Panel, and navigate to **Uninstall a program**.
- 2. Find the PCoIP agent type and version number in the program list.

# Creating a Technical Support File

Teradici may request a support file from your system in order to troubleshoot and diagnose PCoIP issues. The support file is an archive containing PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows logs and other diagnostic data that can help support diagnose your problem.

You can create a support file using the PCoIP control panel. If the PCoIP control panel is disabled, you can also run the bundling application directly using Windows Explorer or from the command line.

Both methods place a support bundle in the Teradici Support folder, located at C: \ProgramData\Teradici\Support.

#### To create a support file with the PCoIP Control Panel:

- 1. Open the PCoIP Control Panel in the system tray.
- 2. Select the **Support** tab and then click the **Create Support File** button.
- 3. When the zipped support file is ready, an Explorer window opens and displays your Teradici Support folder. The generated file is selected.

#### To create a support file with the bundling application:

- Using Windows Explorer or a command line tool, navigate to C:\Program
  Files\Teradici\PCoIP Agent.
- 2. Run SupportBundler.exe.
- 3. When the zipped support file is ready, an Explorer window opens and displays your Teradici Support folder. The generated file is selected.

# Performing Diagnostics

Each PCoIP component creates and updates a log file which records its activity as the system is used. Most troubleshooting within a PCoIP system begins by examining these log files and looking for error conditions or other indications that may explain why the system is not operating as expected.

Log files for the and other Teradici PCoIP components are saved to log directories.

The Windows Event Viewer also contains PCoIP event logs for high-level events.



Note: Bundling log files for support

When investigating issues with Teradici support, you may need to provide a support file which includes system log files. Instructions are provided here.

# Locating Agent Log Files

Log files for the PCoIP agent are located in the following directories by default. If you changed your agent's location during installation, the log files will be in your custom location instead.

Component	Log file location
Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows	%programdata%\Teradici\PCoIPAgent\logs
PCoIP Server	PCoIP Server%programdata% \Teradici\PCoIPAgent\logs



#### Note: Bundling log files for support

When investigating issues with Teradici support, you may need to provide a support file which includes system log files. Instructions are provided here.

# Setting Log Levels

Each PCoIP component is configured to log events. The amount of information captured can be configured by setting the log verbosity on a scale from 0 (least verbose) to 3 (most verbose). By default, the Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows records log events at level 2.

When troubleshooting a particular problem, Teradici Support Services may recommend adjusting the log level for specific components to obtain more information from certain parts of the system.

To change the verbosity level, specify a new *Event Filter Mode* setting. For help changing agent configuration settings, see Configuring the Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows.

## Session Log IDs

At the start of each PCoIP session, a unique session ID is generated by the PCoIP Client and passed to all connected PCoIP components (including the agent). Log messages generated by the agent are prefixed with this session ID, making it easy to identify All log messages generated during a single session, by any PCoIP component, will be prefixed with the same session log ID in RFC-4122 format:

For example:

```
2015-11-06T08:01:18.688879Z 4208fb66-e22a-11d1-a7d7-00a0c982c00d > ...
```

Log messages that do not pertain to a specific session will show a string of zeroes in place of the session log ID number.

If a PCoIP component does not receive a session log ID from the PCoIP client, or receives an invalid value, it will generate a new session log ID and distribute it to the other components in the system.

# Viewing Windows Event Viewer PCoIP Agent Logs

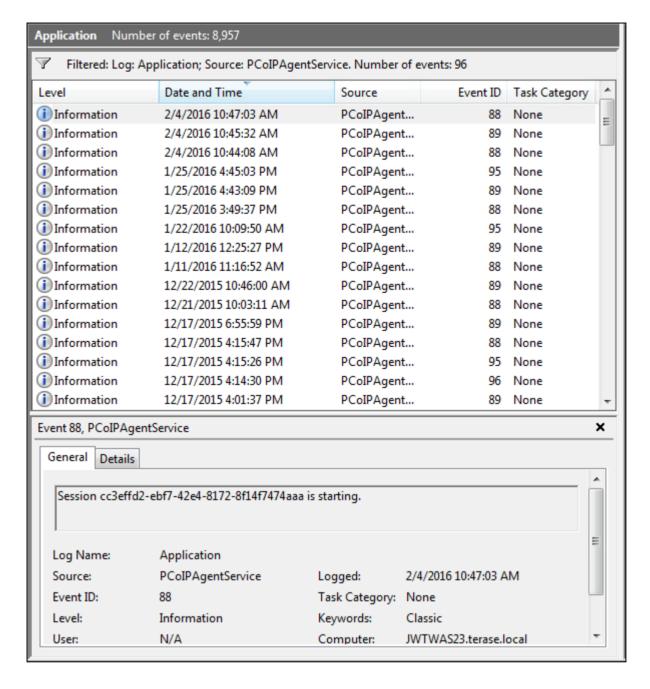
You can view high-level session and connection events generated by the PCoIP agent and Cloud Access Manager in the Windows Event Viewer.

## **PCoIP** Agent Events

To view events using the Windows Event Viewer:

- Navigate to Start > Control Panel > System and Security > Administrative Tools and doubleclick Event Viewer.
- 2. Navigate to *Event Viewer (Local) > Windows Logs*, right-click **Application**, and select **Filter Current Log**.
- 3. In the *Event sources* drop-down list, select **PColPAgentService** and click **OK**.
- 4. Select an event to view its details.

The next example shows typical PCoIP agent session and connection events that you can view in the Windows Event Viewer.



Key events to watch for in the event viewer logs:

Event ID	Key	Notes
88	SESSION_START	
89	SESSION_END	
90	LAUNCHER_EXIT	

Event ID	Key	Notes
91	CONNECTION_TIMEOUT	
92	CONNECTION_FAILURE	
93	SESSION_REDIRECTION	
94	SESSION_INTERRUPTION	
95	SERVICE_STARTING PCoIP	Agent service starting.
96	SERVICE_STOPPING PCoIP	Agent service stopping.
97	SESSION_RESUMING	
98	VIDEO_DRIVER_REPAIR_ERROR	
99	FLEXERA_SERVICE_ERROR	
100	VCHAN_LOADER_EXCEPTION	An exception was thrown in a PCoIP virtual channel plugin.
101	NO_AGENT_ERROR	The PCoIP agent process could not be detected.
102	VCHAN_LOADER_INTERNAL_ERROR	An internal error has occured.
103	VCHAN_LOADER_BAD_INVOCATION_ERROR	The PCoIP virtual channel loader utility was invoked incorrectly.
104	AGENT_PROCESS_TERMINATED_ERROR	The PCoIP Agent process was terminated.
105	SSO_PIPE_CREATION_ERROR	The Single Sign On framework was unable to establish a secure connection with the Teradici Agent.
112	SERVICE_START_ERROR PCoIP	Agent service cannot be started.
113	SERVICE_INTERNAL_ERROR	

Event	Key	Notes
ID		

114 SERVICE\_ADMINISTRATIVE\_MESSAGE

# Cloud Access Manager Events

If you are using Cloud Access Manager to start and stop your host machines, the CAMIdleShutdown process will log events as well. Follow the same procedure

Event ID	Description
95	CAM Idle Machine Shutdown service starting
96	CAM Idle Machine Shutdown service stopping
114	Machine will be checked for idle state.
115	Shutting down idle machine.

## Troubleshooting License Issues

Teradici includes license troubleshooting utilities with the Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows. These utilities allow you to validate your licenses and list license entitlements.

## Validate Licenses

pcoip-validate-license scans your local system and any connected physical or cloud-based license servers for active licenses, and lets you know when your license subscription expires. For more information, see Welcome to Cloud Licensing.

To run the license validation tool, open a PowerShell window, navigate to the PCoIP Agent directory, and type:

```
.\pcoip-validate-license.ps1
```

For more detailed instructions, open a PowerShell window and type:

```
get-help ./pcoip-validate-license.ps1
```

## List License

pcoip-list-licenses retrieves and displays all license entitlements on a connected physical or cloud-based PCoIP license server.

To run the license list tool, open a PowerShell window, navigate to the PCoIP Agent directory, and type:

```
./pcoip-list-licenses.ps1
```

For more detailed instructions, open a PowerShell window and type:

```
get-help ./pcoip-list-licenses.ps1
```

# Managing Session Licenses Using the PCoIP Control Panel

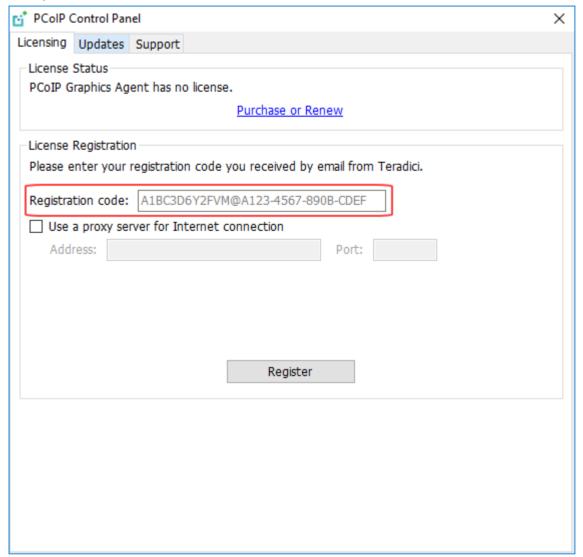
You can use the PCoIP Control Panel to register a license, check the status of a license, and renew a license.

The PCoIP Control Panel can be opened using either of these methods:

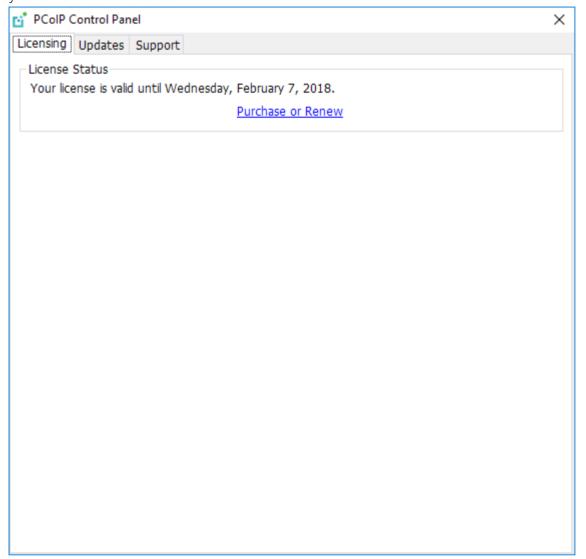
- Click in the Windows system tray
- Open a command line tool and run

C:\Program Files (x86)\Teradici\PCoIP Agent\bin\pcoip\_control\_panel.exe

If you have not registered your license already, select the **Licensing** tab and enter your registration code, as shown next.



Once you are licensed, the tab will show your license subscription expiry information, and enables you to renew the license.



# PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows 19.11.0 Release Notes

### Release Overview

This release provides support for the PCoIP Broker Protocol, which allows connections to the Remote Workstation Card machine to be brokered by Teradici Cloud Access Manager, or by a third-party broker such as Leostream.

This release contains bug fixes and security enhancements.

## Important Notes and Requirements

- PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Agent 19.11 for Windows requires a license registration code (for Teradici Cloud Licensing), or a license activation code (for Local License Servers). If you are a new user, request a registratration code for a full evaluation.
- You can use either a Cloud Access license or a Cloud Access Plus license to activate your PCoIP session.
- When reporting issues to Teradici, be sure to run the SupportBundler.exe application and include the output it generates.

#### Release Downloads and Documentation

- PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Agent 19.11 for Windows Documents and Downloads
- Open-source and third-party components

## Resolved Issues

None.

## Known Issues

# System may crash when uninstalling or upgrading Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows on Windows 10 build 1803 and Windows Server 2019 VM (75664)

When uninstalling or upgrading Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows on an Windows 10 build 1803 or Windows Server 2019 VM, the system may crash.

#### Workaround:

Reboot the system before uninstalling or upgrading Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows.

#### Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows fails to start (72726)

The Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows requires port 60443 for proper operation. Unavailability of this port prevents the agent from starting.

The following Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows log message can appear: AGENT: 0894 Failed to bind required address ssl://127.0.0.1:60443: Cannot bind to port

#### Workaround:

Reboot the machine.

#### Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows refuses connection with licensing error (72286)

The Windows Management Instrumentation service can run into a bad state, which prevents Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows from checking out a valid license. When this problem occurs, user will see the "no license" error on the client and should see the following error message in the Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows log:

Exception caught (Error processing FNE capability response: [1,7E2,5,0[7000001B, 0,C03F9]] Response does not match system hostid.) while sending a request for license renewal.

#### Workaround:

This problem was caused by WMI's inability to get host UUID. When running

wmic csproduct get UUID Node - TERVDIW10DEV22

#### ERROR:

Description = The paging file is too small for this operation to complete.

The workaround is to restart Windows Management Instrumentation and Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows for Windows service in sequence in Control Panel -> Administrative Tools -> Services. If the services won't restart then restarting Windows will resolve the issue.

#### First connection fails to connect after Windows update (72116)

After initiating certain Windows Updates, the update process may not complete until a user attempts to logon. In these situations the PCoIP session will fail to establish while the Windows Updates completes and the WDDM driver is re-configured.

Subsequent connection attempts after the Windows Updates completes are successful.

#### Workaround.

Attempt to login via PCoIP after a Windows 10 update. If the connection fails, then wait a few minutes for Windows Update to complete and for the Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows to restore its compoents and then re-connect.

#### Installation timeout in Windows 7 when system restore is enabled (67818)

If system restore is enabled, Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows installation on windows 7 platform might fail due to time out.

#### Workaround:

Disable system restore

#### Windows CardSpace interferes with PCoIP (66833)

On Windows 7 and Windows Server 2008R2 there is a Microsoft feature to support digital identification called Windows Cardspace. Use of this feature will freeze your PCoIP session and prevent future connections.

#### Workaround.

If you are unable to connect to your PCoIP session due to launching Windows Cardspace then you can connect to your virtual machine using RDP and close Windows Cardspace to re-enable PCoIP connectivity.

#### Cloud Access Software indicates no license (66566)

Connection via PCoIP can fail stating a lack of license even though the system is properly licensed. Additionally, issuing the pcoip-validate-license.ps1 command can fail resulting in a crash dump.

#### Workaround:

Rebooting the VM can restore proper licensing functionality.

#### PCoIP validate license reports unsupported version of Trusted Storage (66075)

When executing pcoip-validate-license on either Windows or Linux an error is reported stating that

This version of trusted storage is not supported.

#### Workaround:

- 1. Delete the contents of C:\ProgramData\Teradici\PCoIPAgent\licensing\5 in Windows, or /var/lib/pcoip-agent/licensing/5 (requires root permissions) in Linux
- 2. Restart the appropriate agent service (PCoIP Graphics Agent or PCoIP Standard Agent on Windows, or pcoip-agent on Linux)
- 3. If using Teradici Cloud Licensing (not using a local license server), re-register the host.

#### Licensing can fail if Windows WMI infrastructure is impaired (65660)

Windows infrastructure failures can prevent Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows licensing to be acquired. If the Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows is not licensed, the user will not be able to connect to the remote machine.

#### Workaround:

Rebooting the machine may resolve the WMI impairment, enabling PCoIP licensing to be successfully acquired.

# Operating system re-installation requires re-installation of PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows (54456)

Upgrading from Windows 10 to Windows 10 Anniversary Update (1607) performs an operating system re-install. After re-installing Microsoft Windows, only some device drivers are migrated to

the new operating system. Since not all of the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows software is migrated, it will need to be re-installed.

#### Performance counters do not appear to collect data (45092)

In some cases, even though the performance counters have been installed correctly, it may appear as if they are not collecting data. This occurs due to the fact that the user may have opened the 64-bit version of the performance monitor, while Teradici's performance counters are 32-bit only. As the counters cannot be loaded into the 64-bit version, Windows will disable data collection. A corresponding message in the Windows Event Log should indicate this as well.

#### Workaround:

To solve the issue: 1. Click **Start**, click **Run**, type **cmd**, and then click **OK**. 2. Type the following command, and then press **Enter**: mmc.exe /32 perfmon.msc. This command runs System Monitor in 32-bit emulation mode. 3. Use System Monitor to determine whether the performance counter object is available.

#### System volume set to maximum after agent upgrade (42226)

When upgrading to the latest Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows, audio volume is automatically set to maximum.

#### Workaround.

Manually set the audio to the desired volume after upgrading. Once set manually, the audio volume is maintained. The change in audio volume only happens at upgrade.

# Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows fails to connect when host has multiple NICs (40825)

When a host computer has more than one network adapter, the system must be configured to inform which adapter to use for inbound PCoIP connections. You can do so by populating the PCoIPConnectionAddress registry value with your desired network interface.

Some software applications such as Npcap can create a virtual network adapter that will present additional Ethernet adapters. These configurations also require populating the PCoIPConnectionAddress registry value with your desired network interface.

#### Workaround:

In HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Wow6432Node\Teradici\PCoIPAgent, set the PCoIPConnectionAddress registry value:

"PCoIPConnectionAddress"="a.b.c.d"

Where a.b.c.d is your desired network interface). The type of the reg key is a string value: REG\_SZ.

## Agent installation may take a long time (22702)

Teradici installs Microsoft Visual Studio 2013 C/C++ runtimes as part of the agent installation. Runtime installers create a system restore point which, on systems such as Windows 8, can take over 15 minutes. If the installer appears to be stalled when installing the C/C++ runtimes, it may simply be the runtime installers creating a system restore point.

## Frequently Asked Questions

#### Can I use a screensaver?

Yes. However, a blank, static screensaver will provide the most efficient CPU ane network bandwidth usage.

## How quickly does a PCoIP agent complete a connection?

PCoIP agents can usually achieve a connection in 15 to 30 seconds. Teradici uses the statistical value Top Percentile (TP) to measure the time to establish a session:

- TP99: Ninety-nine percent of connections complete in under 30 seconds.
- TP50: Fifty percent of connections complete in under 15 seconds.

## What do I need to know about power management?

Hosts with Windows power management enabled may drop PCoIP connections when turning off displays or going to sleep. If this behavior is undesirable, these Windows power management features should be turned off.

#### To disable Windows power management features:

- 1. From the Windows Control Panel, open **Power Options**.
- 2. Click **Change plan settings** next to the enabled power plan.
- 3. Select **Never** from the drop-down list for *Turn off the display*
- 4. Select **Never** in the drop-down list for *Put the computer to sleep*.
- 5. Click Save changes.

## Why is my application not sending audio?

The PCoIP agent delivers audio over PCoIP connections by reassigning the system's default audio device. Only applications that use the system default audio device will send or receive audio over

PCoIP; applications that are configured to use non-default devices will not work. If you don't hear audio from your application, make sure it is configured to use the system default audio device.

## I'm using Teradici Cloud Licensing. What network blocks should I leave open?

If you are using Teradici Cloud Licensing, you will need to whitelist the following:

- teradici.flexnetoperations.com
- teradici.compliance.flexnetoperations.com

Alternatively, you can also ensure the following network blocks are whitelisted:

• Production: 64.14.29.0/24

• Disaster Recovery: 64.27.162.0/24

The following network blocks are not currently in use, but may also be used in the future:

• Production: 162.244.220.0/24

• Disaster Recovery: 162.244.222.0/24